TABLE XXVI. EXPERIMENTAL DATA FOR HYDROSTATIC EXTRUSION OF TZM ROUNDS AT 80 AND 500 F

Die angle - 45 degrees (included)

Billet diameter - 1-3/4 inches

Billet surface finish - 60 to 120 microinches

	Extrusion	Die	Stem Speed,	Billet Lubricant (Details in	Extrusion Pressure, 1000 psi				Type of	Length of	Cracks(b)		
					Breakthrough		Runout		Curve (Fig. 26)	Extrusion, inches	Circumferential	Longitudina	
rial	Ratio	Design(a)	ipm	Table 3)	Stem	Fluid	Stem	Fluid	(Fig. 20)	Hiches	Circumerential	Dongreadina	
					W	rought TZN	1, Stress Re	lieved					
'emper	ature - 80 F, F	luid - Castor C	<u>i1</u>										
141	2.5	S	6	L17	156	140	136	122	B4	5.0	Nose only	3	
142	2.5	C1	6	L17	156	140	140	127	B4	4.0	Ditto	4 split at nose	
169	2.5	D1	6	L38	157	141	142	129	B1	4.0	None	3	
			6	L17	240	210	184	165	C1	10	Nose only	3	
152	3.3	C2	6	L38	224	198	184	165	C2	10	Ditto	3	
55	3.3	C2	0	190	244	130	10-1	100					
178	4.0	D2	6	L38	280	242			B4	1.0	None	None	
505	4.0	D4	6	L38	252	218	205	183	B1	5.0	Nose only	4 None(c)	
514	4.0	D5	20	L38	245	215				3.5	None	None	
443	5.0	S	6	L17	280	237	240	207	<b>C</b> 3	7.5	Nose only	2 split at nose	
[empe	rature - 500 F,	Fluid - Polyph	enyl Ether										
501	4.0	D3	6	L38							Die seal leak		
501 502	4.0	D4	6	L38	178	(d)	171	(d)	B2	7.0	None	None	
002	4.0	Dī		200									
					W	rought TZI	M, Recrysta	llized					
l'empe	rature - 80 F,	Fluid - Castor (	Oil										
460	3.3	C2	6	L38	172	155	137	125	C2	10.0	Nose only	3	
483	4.0	D3	20	L38	198	176	194	168	B1	12.0	None	None	

<sup>(</sup>a) S = standard die; C = controlled-relief die; D = double-reduction die (further details are given in Figure 22)

<sup>(</sup>b) Cracks occurred on the nose only when extruding through double reduction die with space between bearings.

<sup>(</sup>c) Lubricant breakdown due to previous pressurizing up to 216,000 psi when automatic cut-out on press functioned prematurely.

<sup>(</sup>d) Fluid pressure gage out of order.

## TABLE XXVII. EXPERIMENTAL DATA FOR HYDROSTATIC EXTRUSION OF BERYLLIUM ROUNDS AT 80 AND 500 $\overline{\text{F}}$

Die angle - 45 degrees (included) Billet diameter - 1-3/4 inches Billet surface finish - 60 to 120 microinches

Trial	Extrusion Ratio	Die(a) Design	Stem Speed, ipm	Billet Lubricant (Details in Table 3)	Breakthrough		ssure, 1000 psi Runout		Type of Curve		Length o				
					Stem	Fluid	Stem	Fluid	(Fig.	26)	inches		Circumfe		Longitudinal
					Temper	ature - 8	0 F, Flu	id-Castor	Oi1			110		W. Pal	. an.
377	2.5	C1	6	L17	142	139	134	130	D1		8		Many		Many
461	3.3	C2	6	L38	213	189	168	149	B2		11.5		Mostly at	nose;	Five
													w during		18 5 114
495	4.0	D3	20	L38	234	205	228	200	B1		10		None	SHELL	None
519	4.0	D5	20	L38	264	228(c)						D. D		gran on the	
520	4.0	D5	20	L38	234	203	216	100	 D0		2		None		None
528	4.0	D5	20	L38	228	202	210	193	В3		15		"		None(d)
529	4.0	D5	20	L38	246	212	234	203	В3		3 18		" Many	More bally Data	None(e) Many(f)
					Temper	ature - 5	00 F, Flu	id - Poly	phenyl	Ethe					
417	2.5	C1	6	T 01						ine					a Aug.
503	4.0	D4	20	L31 L38	82 150	81 (g)	91 143	85 (g)	C4 B1		5 14		Few Numer	OUS	Few Numerous

<sup>(</sup>a) S - Standard die; C = controlled-relief die; D = double-reduction die (further details are given in Figure 22.)

<sup>(</sup>b) Cracks occurred in the nose only when extruding through double-reduction die with space between bearings.

<sup>(</sup>c) Excessive billet-end pressure, due to billet-guide design, caused lubricant breakdown; maximum pressure indicated.

<sup>(</sup>d) Extrusion bent on exit and broke up on hitting a projection beyond the die.

<sup>(</sup>e) Press stopped prematurely after breakthrough.

<sup>(</sup>f) Heavy seizure of Be on the entry and surface of the second bearing, indicating severe lubrication breakdown.

<sup>(</sup>g) Fluid pressure gage out of order.